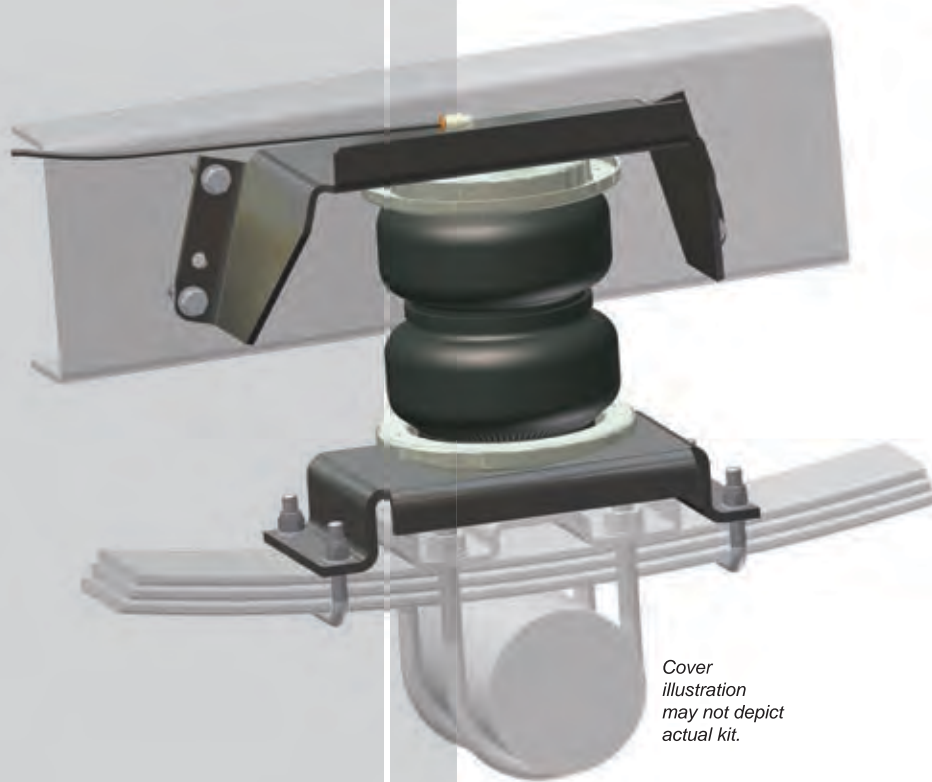


LoadLIFTER 5000

by AIR LIFT.

**Kit Nos. 57212
& 57411**



*Cover
illustration
may not depict
actual kit.*



INSTALLATION GUIDE

For maximum effectiveness and safety, please read these instructions completely before proceeding with installation.

Failure to read these instructions can result in an incorrect installation.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction	2
Important Safety Notice	2
Notation Explanation	2
Installation Diagram	3
Hardware List	3
Installing the LoadLifter 5000 System	4
Getting Started	4
Assembling the Air Spring Unit	4
Positioning the Brackets	5
Attaching the Upper Brackets	6
Attaching the Lower Brackets	6
Securing the Air Spring to Brackets	7
Securing the Emergency Brake Cable	7
Installing the Air Lines	8
Attaching the Jounce Bumper	9
Checking for Leaks	9
Fixing Leaks	9
Before Operating	10
Installation Checklist	10
Post-installation checklist	10
Product Use, Maintenance and Servicing	10
Maintenance Guidelines	11
Troubleshooting Guide	11
Frequently Asked Questions	11
Tuning the Air Pressure	12
Guidelines for Adding Air	12
Warranty and Returns Policy	13
Replacement Information	14
Contact Information	14
Template	15

Introduction

The purpose of this publication is to assist with the installation, maintenance and troubleshooting of the LoadLifter 5000 System. LoadLifter 5000 utilizes sturdy, reinforced, commercial-grade single or double, depending on the kit, convolute bellows. The bellows are manufactured like a tire with layers of rubber and cords that control growth. LoadLifter 5000 kits are recommended for most $\frac{3}{4}$ and 1 ton pickups and SUVs with leaf springs and provide up to 5,000 lbs of load leveling support with air adjustability from 5-100 PSI. The kits are also used in motor home rear kits and some motor home fronts where leaf springs are used.

It is important to read and understand the entire installation guide before beginning installation or performing any maintenance, service or repair. The information here includes a hardware list, step-by-step installation information, maintenance tips, safety information and a troubleshooting guide.

Air Lift Company reserves the right to make changes and improvements to its products and publications at any time. For the latest version of this manual, contact Air Lift Company at (800) 248-0892 or visit our website at www.airliftcompany.com.

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

The installation of this kit does not alter the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or payload of the vehicle. Check your vehicle's owner's manual and do not exceed the maximum load listed for your vehicle.

Gross Vehicle Weight Rating: The maximum allowable weight of the fully loaded vehicle (including passengers and cargo). This number — along with other weight limits, as well as tire, rim size and inflation pressure data — is shown on the vehicle's Safety Compliance Certification Label.

Payload: The combined, maximum allowable weight of cargo and passengers that the truck is designed to carry. Payload is GVWR minus the Base Curb Weight.

NOTATION EXPLANATION

Hazard notations appear in various locations in this publication. Information which is highlighted by one of these notations must be observed to help minimize risk of personal injury or possible improper installation which may render the vehicle unsafe. Notes are used to help emphasize areas of procedural importance and provide helpful suggestions. The following definitions explain the use of these notations as they appear throughout this guide.

 **DANGER**

INDICATES IMMEDIATE HAZARDS WHICH WILL RESULT IN SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

 **WARNING**

INDICATES HAZARDS OR UNSAFE PRACTICES WHICH COULD RESULT IN SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

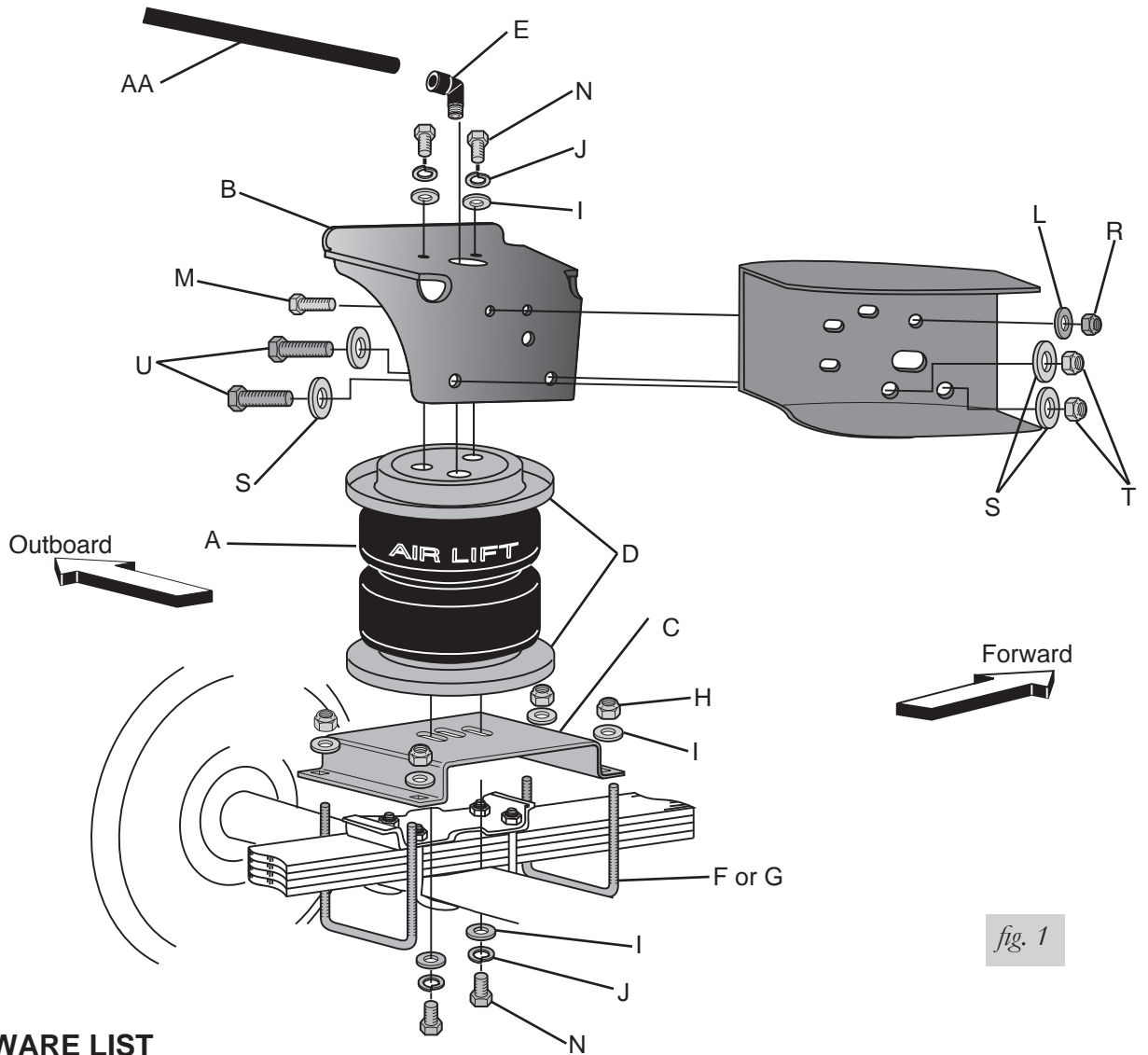
 **CAUTION**

INDICATES HAZARDS OR UNSAFE PRACTICES WHICH COULD RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE MACHINE OR MINOR PERSONAL INJURY.

NOTE

Indicates a procedure, practice or hint which is important to highlight.

Installation Diagram



HARDWARE LIST

Item	Part #	Description.....Qty	Item	Part #	Description.....Qty
A1	58437	Bellow (57212).....2	P	17202	3/8" - 16 x 1.25 Hex head cap screw ..2
A2	58491	Bellow (57411).....2	Q	18468	3/8" Flat washer8
B	07178	Upper bracket2	R	18435	3/8" Nyloc washer4
C	03102	Lower bracket2	S	18207	1/2" Large flat washer8
D	11951	Roll plate.....4	T	18460	1/2" Nyloc nut.....4
E	21837	Elbow fitting.....2	U	17247	1/2" - 13 x 1.75 Hex head cap screw ..4
F	10594	2" U-bolt4	V	10465	5/8" Dia. clip.....1
G	10561	4.5" U-bolt4			
H	18435	Nyloc nut.....10	Air Line Assembly Parts		
I	18444	3/8" Flat washer8	AA	20086	Air line assembly.....1
J	18427	3/8" Lock washer.....8	BB	10466	Tie strap6
K	10014	Jounce bumper spacer2	CC	21230	Valve caps2
L	18447	3/8" Large flat washer2	DD	18405	5/16" Flat washer2
M	17159	3/8" x 1.5" WHFB2	EE	21234	Rubber washer.....2
N	17203	3/8" x 7/8" Hex head cap screw8	FF	18411	Small star washer2
O	01525	Spacer bar4	GG	21233	5/16" Hex nut4



Missing or damaged parts? Call Air Lift customer service at (800) 248-0892 for a replacement part.

Installing the LoadLifter 5000 System

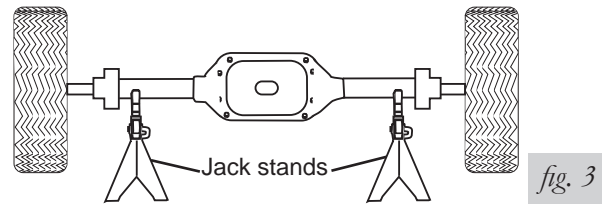
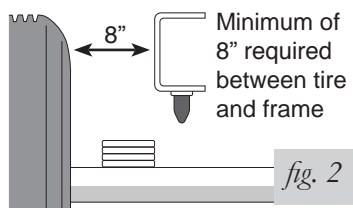
⚠ DANGER

COMPRESSED AIR CAN CAUSE INJURY AND DAMAGE TO THE VEHICLE AND PARTS IF IT IS NOT HANDLED PROPERLY. FOR YOUR SAFETY, DO NOT TRY TO INFLATE THE AIR SPRINGS UNTIL THEY HAVE BEEN PROPERLY SECURED TO THE VEHICLE.

GETTING STARTED

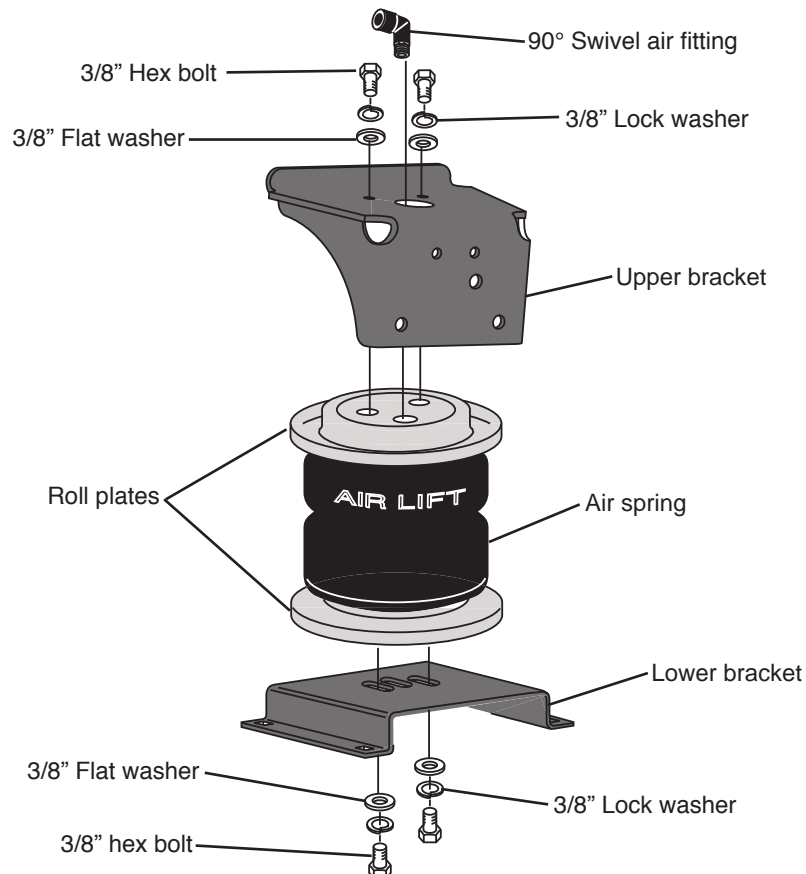
IMPORTANT: There must be at LEAST 8" between the tire and the frame to install this LoadLifter 5000 kit (fig. 2).

1. Raise the vehicle, remove the wheels, and obtain normal ride height (fig. 3).
2. Remove the emergency brake cable bracket from the driver side spring retainer. Save the bolt for later use.
3. Remove both jounce bumpers from under the frame above the axle. Save for later use.



ASSEMBLING THE AIR SPRING UNIT

1. Set a roll plate (D) on both ends of the air spring (A). The radiused (rounded) edge of the roll plate will be towards the air spring so that the air spring is seated in both roll plates (fig. 4).
2. Install a 90° swivel air fitting (E) finger tight plus 1½" turns (fig. 4). Do not overtighten.
3. Place the upper bracket (B) onto the top of the bellow and roll plate with the legs facing down.



4. Set the air spring on the lower bracket (C) aligning the two holes in the base of the air spring with the two outer slots in the top of the lower bracket (fig. 4).
5. Attach the upper bracket to the assembly using flat washers (I), lock washers (J), and hex head bolts (N). Tighten securely.
6. Loosely attach the lower bracket to the assembly using flat washers (I), lock washers (J), and hex head bolts (N) (fig. 4).

NOTE

The flange on the bracket must face the outside (tire-side) of the vehicle.

POSITIONING THE BRACKETS

1. There must be 6½ to 8 inches between the upper bracket and the lower bracket (distances X and Y) to install the air spring (fig. 5). It is best to use the highest envelope available between the upper and lower bracket.

NOTE

Failure to mount the air spring at or higher than 6½ inches can result in the air spring bottoming out.

2. If you are installing this kit on a 2008 or later model it will be necessary to drill the 3/8" locating hole for locating the upper bracket to the frame rail. Use the template provided at the end of this manual to properly locate the 3/8" hole, center punch and drill a 3/8" hole through the frame.

CAUTION

BEFORE DRILLING, CHECK THE BACK SIDE OF THE FRAME FOR CLEARANCE ISSUES WITH THE BRAKE LINES, GAS LINES AND ELECTRICAL LINES. ANY OBSTACLES WILL NEED TO BE TEMPORARILY RELOCATED TO CLEAR THE AREA.

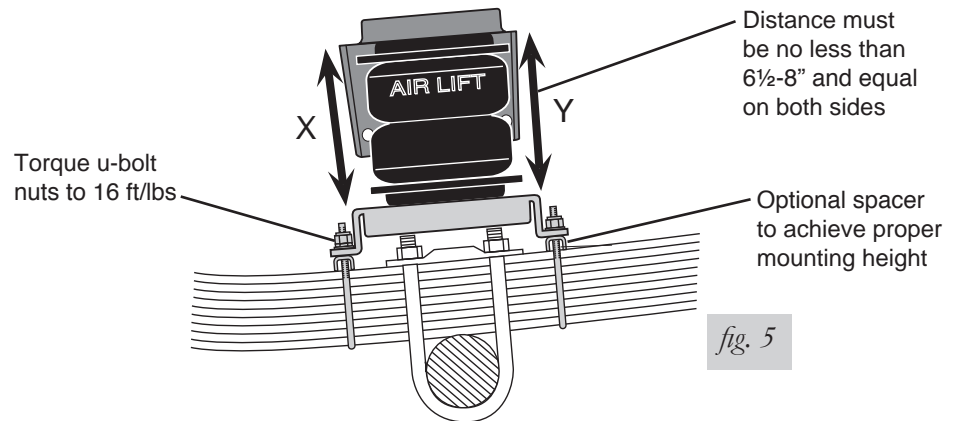


fig. 5

3. Set the air spring assembly on the leaf spring over the axle (fig. 6).

NOTE

On some models it may be necessary to relocate a line bracket on the inside of the frame on the driver's side. Move the bracket back far enough to clear the upper bracket and remount.

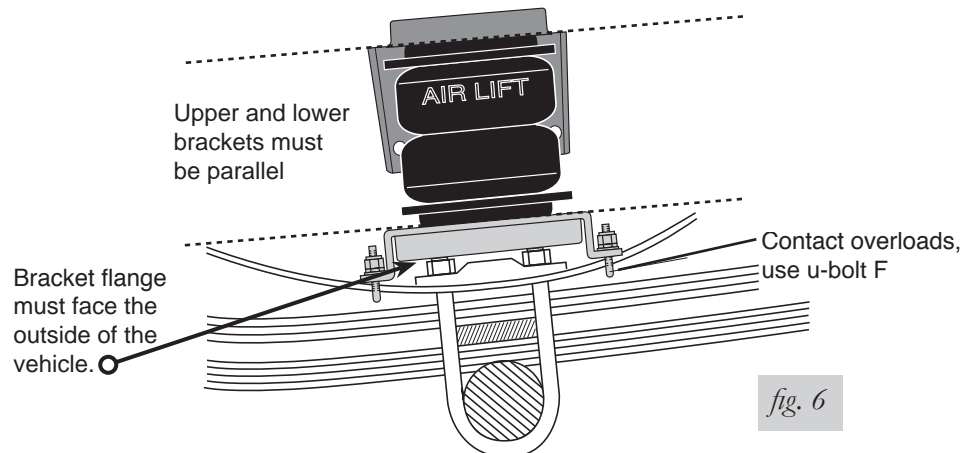
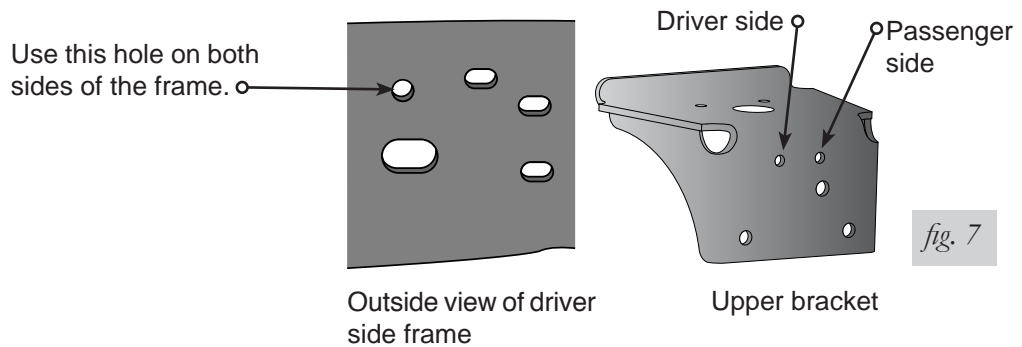


fig. 6

- Loosely attach the upper bracket to the frame using the bracket holes and existing frame holes as specified in fig. 7. Use a 3/8" bolt (M), flat washer (L), and nyloc nut (H) to attach the upper bracket. Leave loose.



- If the lower bracket hits the tops of the stock u-bolts and does not fit flush to the leaf spring, or, the mounting distance is over 8 inches, use a spacer (O) to space the lower bracket so it will clear the stock u-bolts (fig. 6).
- Measure the X and Y distance (mounting envelope) (fig. 6). If this distance is less than 6½ inches, you will have to cut the tops of the u-bolts off and remove the spacers previously installed. The lower bracket must sit flush on the leaf spring.
- Adjust the brackets so they are parallel to each other and the X and Y distances are equal. Do this by rotating the upper bracket and/or pushing the lower bracket forward and backward.
- Mark the frame using the two ½" holes in the lower bracket as a template.

CAUTION

BEFORE DRILLING, CHECK THE BACK SIDE OF THE FRAME FOR CLEARANCE ISSUES WITH THE BRAKE LINES, GAS LINES AND ELECTRICAL LINES. ANY OBSTACLES WILL NEED TO BE TEMPORARILY RELOCATED TO CLEAR THE AREA.

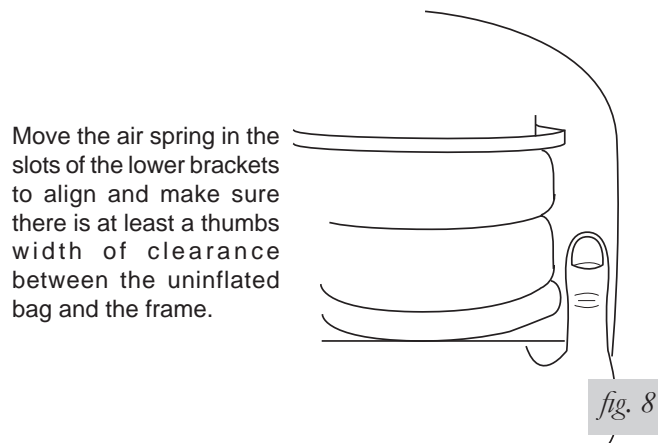
- Remove the assembly and drill two ½" holes in the frame where marked.

ATTACHING THE UPPER BRACKETS

- Set the assembly back on the spring and attach the upper bracket using one 3/8" bolt (M), flat washer (L) and nyloc nut (H). Also, attach using two 1/2" bolts (U), four flat washers (S) and two nyloc nuts (T). Torque the 3/8" bolt to 44 ft/lbs. Torque the 1/2" bolts to 95 ft/lbs.

ATTACHING THE LOWER BRACKETS

- Position the lower bracket so that it is parallel with the upper bracket, and so that the air spring is perpendicular to both. Do this by using the same method as before, but also move the air spring in and out using the slots in the lower bracket (fig. 8).

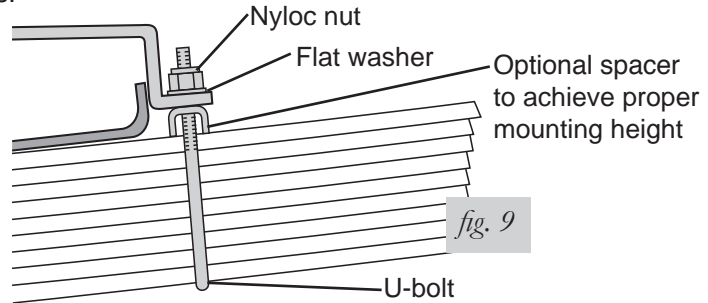


2. If the spacer is not used, attach the lower bracket securely using the provided u-bolts (F or G), flat washers (I), and nyloc nuts (H) (fig. 9). Torque to 16 ft/lbs.

NOTE

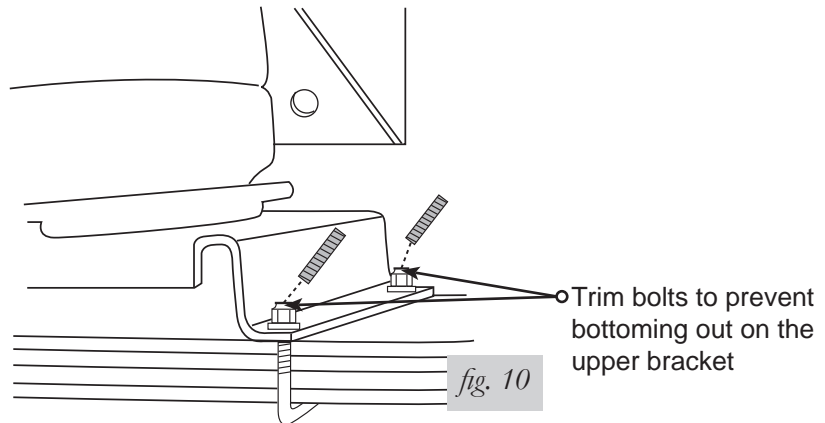
You can use the shorter u-bolts (F) when attaching to frame contact overloads.

3. If the spacer is used, place the spacer (O) on the leaf spring and attach the lower bracket securely using the provided u-bolts (F or G), flat washers (I), and nyloc nuts (H) (fig. 9). Torque to 16 ft/lbs.



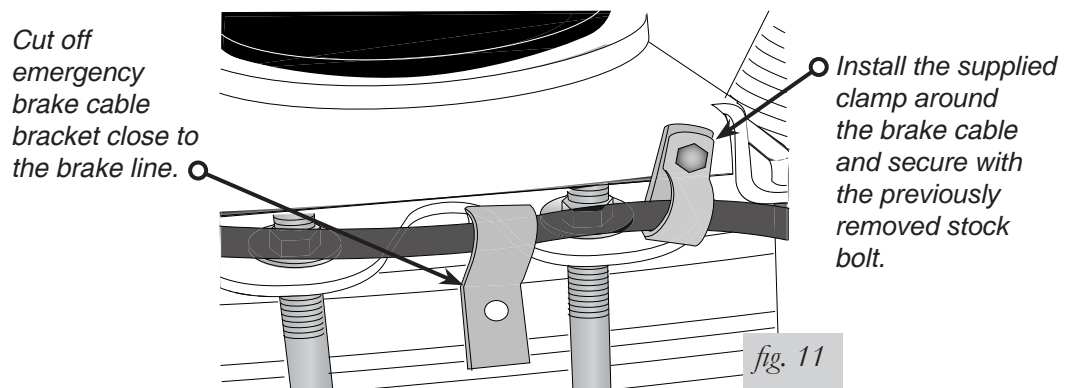
SECURING THE AIR SPRING TO BRACKETS

1. Secure the air spring to the lower bracket using a 9/16" open ended wrench.
2. Depending on the thickness of the leaf spring stack, it will be necessary to trim the U-bolts (fig. 10).
3. Check to ensure that all hardware is secure and repeat the process for the remaining side of the vehicle.



SECURING THE EMERGENCY BRAKE CABLE

1. Attach the supplied clamp (V) around the emergency brake cable and secure it to the lower bracket using the previously removed stock bolt. Tighten securely. (fig. 11).
2. Cut off the existing emergency brake cable bracket close to the brake line.



INSTALLING THE AIR LINES

NOTE

When installing the air lines, there must be at least six inches of clearance between the air lines and any heat sources.

1. Choose a convenient location for mounting the inflation valves. Popular locations for the inflation valve are:

The wheel well flanges; The license plate recess in bumper; Under the gas cap access door; Through license plate (fig. 12).

NOTE

Whatever the chosen location is, make sure there is enough clearance around the inflation valves for an air chuck.

2. Drill a 5/16 " hole to install the inflation valves.
3. Cut the air line assembly (AA) in two equal lengths.

CAUTION

WHEN CUTTING OR TRIMMING THE AIR LINE, USE A HOSE CUTTER, A RAZOR BLADE OR A SHARP KNIFE. A CLEAN, SQUARE CUT WILL ENSURE AGAINST LEAKS. DO NOT USE WIRE CUTTERS OR SCISSORS TO CUT THE AIR LINE. THESE TOOLS MAY FLATTEN OR CRIMP THE AIR LINE CAUSING IT TO LEAK AROUND THE O-RING SEAL INSIDE THE ELBOW FITTING (FIG. 13).

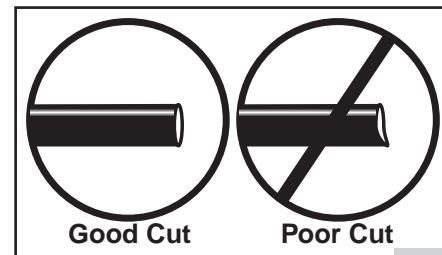
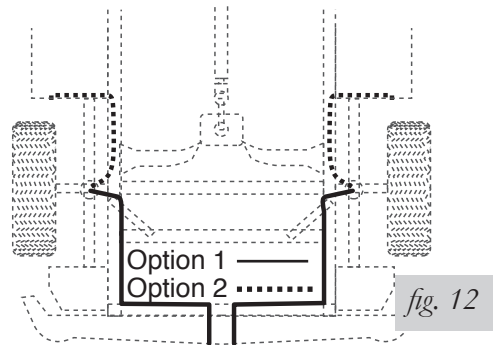
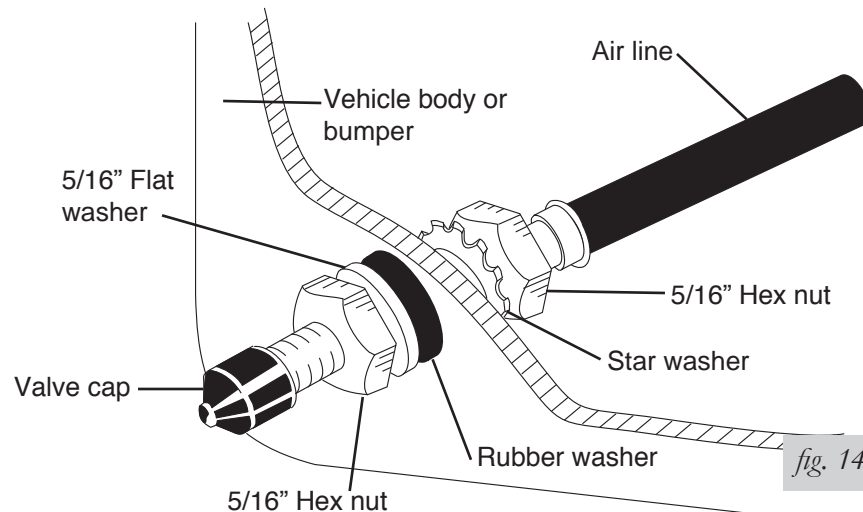


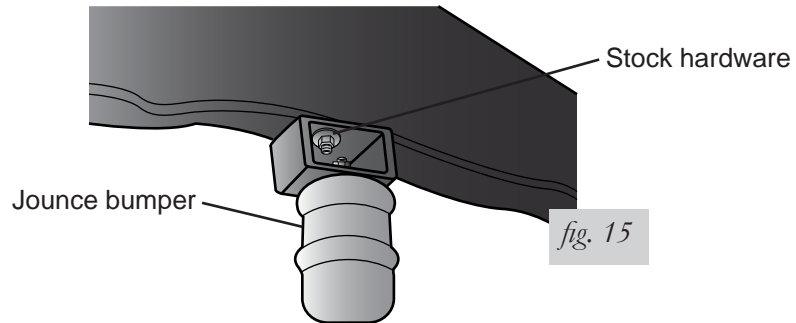
fig. 13

4. Install the inflation valves as shown in fig. 14.
5. Keep at least 6" of clearance between the air line and heat sources, such as the exhaust pipes, muffler, or catalytic converter. Avoid sharp bends and edges. Leave at least 2" of slack when securing the air lines to allow for any movement that might pull on the air line.
6. Cut off air line leaving approximately 12" of extra air line. Insert the air line into the air fitting. Simply push the air line into the 90° swivel fitting until it bottoms out (9/16" of air line should be in the fitting).



ATTACHING THE JOUNCE BUMPER

1. One end of the jounce bumper spacer (K) has two holes in it. Attach the previously removed jounce bumper to this end using the previously removed hardware. Tighten securely.
2. Attach the assembly to the vehicle using the supplied 3/8" bolt (P), two 3/8" flat washers (Q), and a 3/8" nyloc nut (R) (fig. 15).
3. Repeat steps 1-2 for the other side of the vehicle.



CHECKING FOR LEAKS

1. Inflate the air spring to 30 PSI.
2. Spray all connections and the inflation valves with a solution of 1/5 liquid dish soap and 4/5 water to check for leaks. You should be able to spot leaks easily by looking for bubbles in the soapy water.
3. After the test, deflate the springs to the minimum pressure required to restore the normal ride height, but not less than 10 PSI.
4. Check the air pressure again after 24 hours. A 2 to 4 PSI loss after initial installation is normal. Retest for leaks if the loss is more than 5 lbs.

FIXING LEAKS

1. If there is a problem with the swivel fitting:
 - a. Check the air line connection by deflating the spring and removing the line by pulling the collar against the fitting and pulling firmly on the air line. Trim 1" off the end of the air line. Be sure the cut is clean and square (see fig. 11). Reinsert the air line into the push-to-connect fitting.
 - b. Check the threaded connection by tightening the swivel fitting another 1/2 turn. If it still leaks, deflate the air spring, remove the fitting, and re-coat the threads with thread sealant. Reinstall by hand tightening as much as possible and then use a wrench for an additional two turns.
2. If there is a problem with the inflation valve:
 - a. Check the valve core by tightening it with a valve core tool.
 - b. Check the air line by removing the air line from the barbed type fitting. Cut the air line off a few inches in front of the fitting and use a pair of pliers or vice grips to pull/twist the air line off of the fitting.

CAUTION

DO NOT CUT OFF THE AIR LINE COMPLETELY AS THIS WILL USUALLY NICK THE BARB AND RENDER THE FITTING USELESS.

3. If the preceding steps have not resolved the problem, call Air Lift customer service at (800) 248-0892.

Before Operating

INSTALLATION CHECKLIST (To be completed by installer)

- Clearance test — Inflate the air springs to 60 PSI and ensure there is at least ½” clearance around each bellow, away from anything that might rub against them. Be sure to check the tire, brake drum, frame, shock absorbers and brake cables.
- Leak test before road test — Inflate the air springs to 60 PSI, check all connections for leaks with a soapy water solution. See page 9 for tips on how to spot leaks. All leaks must be eliminated before the vehicle is road tested.
- Heat test — Be sure there is sufficient clearance from any heat sources — at least 6” for air springs and air lines. If a heat shield was included in the kit, install it. If there is no heat shield, but one is required, call (800) 248-0892.
- Fastener test — Recheck all bolts for proper torque. Axle straps carriage bolt lock nuts should be torqued to 16 ft/lbs. Re-torque after 100 miles.
- Road test — The vehicle should be road tested after the preceding tests. Inflate the air springs to 25 PSI (50 PSI if the vehicle is loaded). Drive the vehicle 10 miles and recheck for clearance, loose fasteners and air leaks.
- Operating instructions — If professionally installed, the installer should review the Product Use, Maintenance and Servicing section on page 10 with the owner. Be sure to provide the owner with all of the paperwork which came with the kit.

Technician’s Signature _____

Date _____

POST-INSTALLATION CHECKLIST

- Overnight leak down test — Recheck air pressure after the vehicle has been used for 24 hours. If the pressure has dropped more than 5 PSI, then there is a leak that must be fixed. Either fix the leak yourself or return to the installer for service.
- Air pressure requirements — I understand the air pressure requirements of my air spring system. Regardless of load, the air pressure should always be adjusted to maintain ride height at all times.
- Thirty day or 500 mile test — I understand that I must recheck the air spring system after 30 days or 500 miles, whichever comes first. If any part shows signs of rubbing or abrasion, the source should be identified and moved, if possible. If it is not possible to relocate the cause of the abrasion, the air spring may need to be remounted. If professionally installed, the installer should be consulted. Check all fasteners for tightness.

Product Use, Maintenance and Servicing

Minimum Air Pressure	Maximum Air Pressure
5 PSI	100 PSI
FAILURE TO MAINTAIN CORRECT MINIMUM PRESSURE (OR PRESSURE PROPORTIONAL TO LOAD), BOTTOMING OUT, OVER-EXTENSION OR RUBBING AGAINST ANOTHER COMPONENT WILL VOID THE WARRANTY.	

MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES

NOTE

By following these steps, vehicle owners will obtain the longest life and best results from their air spring.

1. Check the air pressure weekly.
2. Always maintain normal ride height. Never inflate beyond 100 PSI.
3. If you develop an air leak in the system, use a soapy water solution to check all air line connections and the inflation valve core, before deflating and removing the spring.
4. When increasing load, always adjust the air pressure to maintain normal ride height. Increase or decrease pressure from the system as necessary to attain normal ride height for optimal ride and handling. Remember that loads carried behind the axle (including tongue loads) require more leveling force (pressure) than those carried directly over the axle.



CAUTION

FOR YOUR SAFETY AND TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO YOUR VEHICLE, DO NOT EXCEED MAXIMUM GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING (GVWR), AS INDICATED BY THE VEHICLE MANUFACTURER. ALTHOUGH YOUR AIR SPRINGS ARE RATED AT A MAXIMUM INFLATION PRESSURE OF 100 PSI, THE AIR PRESSURE ACTUALLY NEEDED IS DEPENDENT ON YOUR LOAD AND GVWR.

5. Always add air to the springs in small quantities, checking the pressure frequently. Sleeves require less air volume than a tire and inflate quickly.
6. Should it become necessary to raise the vehicle by the frame, make sure the system is at a minimum pressure (5 PSI) to reduce tension on the suspension/brake components. Use of on-board leveling systems do not require deflation or disconnection.

Stability translates into safety and should be the priority, meaning the driver may need to sacrifice a perfectly level and comfortable ride. Stability issues include roll control, bounce, dive during braking and sponginess (fig. 17). Tuning out these problems usually requires an increase in pressure.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

1. Leak test the air line connections, the threaded connection into the air spring, and all fittings in the control system.
2. Inspect the air lines to be sure none are pinched. Tie straps may be too tight. Loosen or replace the strap and replace leaking components.
3. Inspect the air line for holes and cracks. Replace as needed.
4. Look for a kink or fold in the air line. Reroute as needed.

If the preceding steps do not solve the problem, it is possibly caused by a failed air spring — either a factory defect or an operating problem. Please call Air Lift at (800) 248-0892 for assistance.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Q. Will installing air springs increase the weight ratings of a vehicle?

No. Adding air springs will not change the weight ratings (GAWR, GCWR and/or GVWR) of a vehicle. Exceeding the GVWR is dangerous and voids the Air Lift warranty.

Q. Is it necessary to keep air in the air springs at all times and how much pressure will they need?

The minimum air pressure should be maintained at all times. The minimum air pressure keeps the air spring in shape, ensuring that it will move throughout its travel without rubbing or wearing on itself.

Q. Is it necessary to add a compressor system to the air springs?

No. Air pressure can be adjusted with any type of compressor as long as it can produce sufficient pressure to service the springs. Even a bicycle tire pump can be used, but it's a lot of work.

Q. Is it necessary to add a compressor system to the air springs?

No. Air pressure can be adjusted with any type of compressor as long as it can produce sufficient pressure to service the springs. Even a bicycle tire pump can be used, but it's a lot of work.

Q. How long should air springs last?

If the air springs are properly installed and maintained they can last indefinitely.

Q. Will raising the vehicle on a hoist for service work damage the air springs?

No. The vehicle can be lifted on a hoist for short-term service work such as tire rotation or oil changes. However, if the vehicle will be on the hoist for a prolonged period of time, support the axle with jack stands in order to take the tension off of the air springs.

TUNING THE AIR PRESSURE

Pressure determination comes down to three things — level vehicle, ride comfort, and stability.

1. Level vehicle

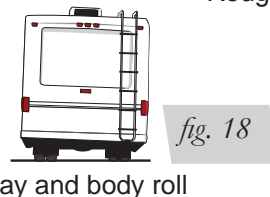
If the vehicle's headlights are shining into the trees or the vehicle is leaning to one side, then it is not level (fig. 16). Raise the air pressure to correct either of these problems and level the vehicle.

2. Ride comfort

If the vehicle has a rough and harsh ride it may be due to either too much pressure or not enough (fig. 17). Try different pressures to determine the best ride comfort.

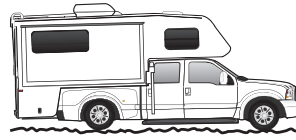
3. Stability

Stability translates into safety and should be the priority, meaning the driver may need to sacrifice a perfectly level and comfortable ride. Stability issues include roll control, bounce, dive during braking and sponginess (fig. 18). Tuning out these problems usually requires an increase in pressure.

**GUIDELINES FOR ADDING AIR**

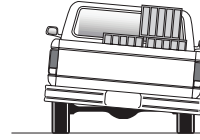
1. Start with the vehicle level or slightly above.
2. When in doubt, always add air.
3. For motorhomes, start with 50-100 PSI in the rear because it can be safely assumed that it is heavily loaded.
4. If the front of the vehicle dives while braking, increase the pressure in the front air bags, if equipped.

5. If it is ever suspected that the air bags have bottomed out, increase the pressure (fig. 19).
6. Adjust the pressure up and down to find the best ride.
7. If the vehicle rocks and rolls, adjust the air pressure to reduce movement.
8. It may be necessary to maintain different pressures on each side of the vehicle. Loads such as water, fuel, and appliances will cause the vehicle to be heavier on one side (fig. 20). As much as a 50 PSI difference is not uncommon.

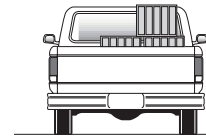


Bottoming out

fig. 19



Unlevel



Level

fig. 20

Warranty and Returns Policy

Air Lift Company warrants its products, for the time periods listed below, to the original retail purchaser against manufacturing defects when used on catalog-listed applications on cars, vans, light trucks and motorhomes under normal operating conditions for as long as Air Lift manufactures the product. The warranty does not apply to products that have been improperly applied, improperly installed, used in racing or off-road applications, used for commercial purposes, or which have not been maintained in accordance with installation instructions furnished with all products. The consumer will be responsible for removing (labor charges) the defective product from the vehicle and returning it, transportation costs prepaid, to the dealer from which it was purchased or to Air Lift Company for verification.

Air Lift will repair or replace, at its option, defective products or components. A minimum \$10.00 shipping and handling charge will apply to all warranty claims. Before returning any defective product, you must call Air Lift at (800) 248-0892 in the U.S. and Canada (elsewhere, (517) 322-2144) for a Returned Materials Authorization (RMA) number. Returns to Air Lift can be sent to: Air Lift Company • 2727 Snow Road • Lansing, MI • 48917.

Product failures resulting from abnormal use or misuse are excluded from this warranty. The loss of use of the product, loss of time, inconvenience, commercial loss or consequential damages is not covered. The consumer is responsible for installation/reinstallation (labor charges) of the product. Air Lift Company reserves the right to change the design of any product without assuming any obligation to modify any product previously manufactured.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights that vary from state-to-state. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages. The above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. There are no warranties, expressed or implied including any implied warranties of merchantability and fitness, which extend beyond this warranty period. There are no warranties that extend beyond the description on the face hereof. Seller disclaims the implied warranty of merchantability. (Dated proof of purchase required.)

Air Lift 1000	Lifetime Limited	LoadController/Dual	2 Year Limited
RideControl	Lifetime Limited	Load Controller (I)	2 Year Limited
LoadLifter 5000*	Lifetime Limited	Load Controller (II)	2 Year Limited
SlamAir	Lifetime Limited	SmartAir	2 Year Limited
AirCell	Lifetime Limited	Wireless AIR	2 Year Limited
Air Lift Performance**	1 Year Limited	WirelessONE	2 Year Limited
LoadController/Single	2 Year Limited	Other Accessories	2 Year Limited

**formerly SuperDuty*

***formerly LifeSTYLE & Performance and EasyStreet*

Replacement Information

If you need replacement parts, contact the local dealer or call Air Lift customer service at (800) 248-0892. Most parts are immediately available and can be shipped the same day.

Contact Air Lift Company customer service at (800) 248-0892, first if:

- Parts are missing from the kit.
- Need technical assistance on installation or operation.
- Broken or defective parts in the kit.
- Wrong parts in the kit.
- Have a warranty claim or question.

Contact the retailer where the kit was purchased:

- If it is necessary to return or exchange the kit for any reason.
- If there is a problem with shipping if shipped from the retailer.
- If there is a problem with the price.

Contact Information

If you have any questions, comments or need technical assistance, contact our customer service department by calling (800) 248-0892, Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern Time. For calls from outside the USA or Canada, our local number is (517) 322-2144.

For inquiries by mail, our address is PO Box 80167, Lansing, MI 48908-0167. Our shipping address for returns is 2727 Snow Road, Lansing, MI 48917.

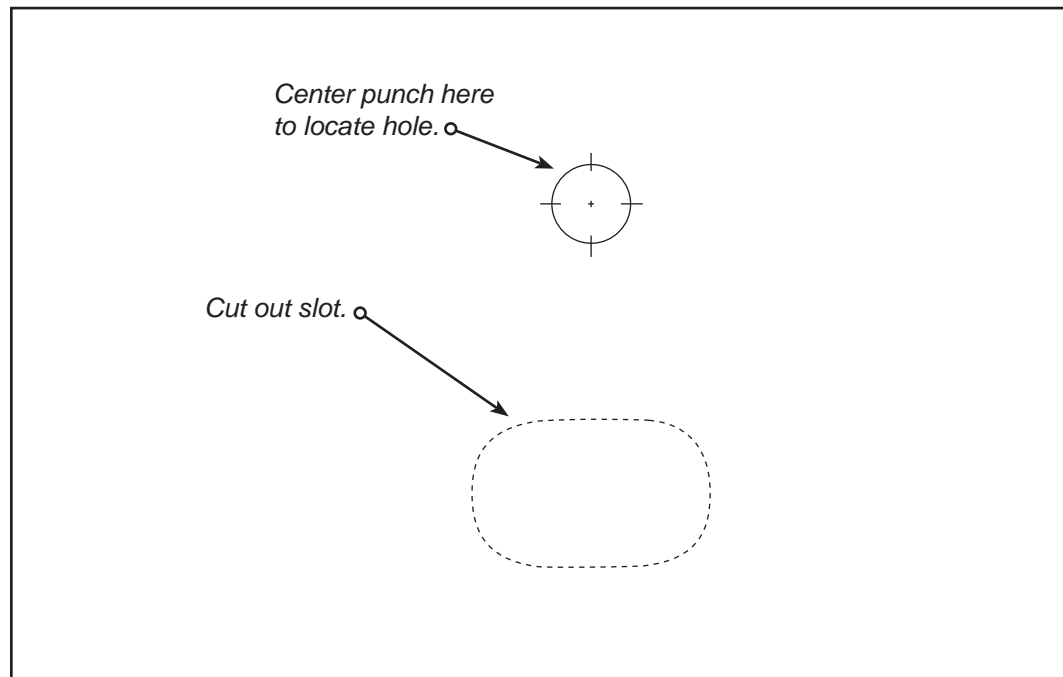
You may also contact us anytime by e-mail at sales@airliftcompany.com or on the web at www.airliftcompany.com.

Template

UPPER BRACKET POSITIONING FOR 2008 AND LATER FORD VEHICLES

1. Cut out slot.
2. Align slot from template with the slot on the frame that is located above the axle.
3. Center punch and drill a 3/8" hole that will be used to locate the upper bracket to the frame.
4. Repeat for opposite side.

*Upper bracket
locating template*



Notes



Notes

Need Help?

Contact our customer service department by calling (800) 248-0892, Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern Time. For calls from outside the USA or Canada, our local number is (517) 322-2144.

**Register your warranty online at
www.airliftcompany.com/warranty**



Thank you for purchasing Air Lift products — the professional installer's choice!

Air Lift Company • 2727 Snow Road • Lansing, MI 48917 or PO Box 80167 • Lansing, MI 48908-0167
Toll Free (800) 248-0892 • Local (517) 322-2144 • Fax (517) 322-0240 • www.airliftcompany.com

Printed in
the USA